Remote sensing for bark beetle outbreaks monitoring: a review

Review type article as a teamwork of SCERIN countries and possibly as a base for joint SCERIN project proposal

Field stages: green-attack, red and grey attack

- RS data used for BB outbreaks detection and monitoring including time series (inter-annual, multitemporal)
- platform: satellite, UAV, aerial
- sensors: Optical, LiDAR, thermal?
- resolution: different spatial, spectral and temporal resolutions
- RS methods used for BB outbreaks monitoring
- early detection of BB
- spectral x structural indicators (optical x LiDAR data)
- Accuracy Assessment of the BB stages detection from different types of the data
- methods of results validation
- ability for assessment of: green-attack, red and grey attack stages classification accuracy using different types of data (spectral ranges) and detection methods
- Based on seminar talks: Monitoring of spread of BB calamity in SCERIN using remote sensing: areal extent (antemporal development) of BB spread in SCERIN/individual countries, levels of impact based on literature review and inputs from the seminar
- Remote sensing in forest practice, inventory and reporting of BB outbreacks: compare methodologies in SCERIN (developed and published methodologies for BB outbreaks monitoring using RS)
- List/examples depicting interesting case studies: cases of successful BB outbreak detection and prediction using remote sensing

Ultimately, we NEED predictive models of BB outbreaks based on RS.

Questions: if the underlying relationships between beetle outbreaks and environmental factors differ by country/area; can we address them using of RS in a consistent way or we need various approaches?

FOCUSS on SCERIN and BB attack and damage

Further ideas welcome!

Express your interest to participate in email to Lucie Kupková (<u>lucie.kupkova@natur.cuni.cz</u>) till February 15 2021







